Model SCZ-3

SCSI Disk Controller

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Technical Manual

Document No: 600-467-00 Revision: E Date: March 1991

NOTICE

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Technical Manual for the SCZ-3 Disk Controller

PREFACE

This manual contains information regarding installation, testing, and operation of the ZETACO Model SCZ-3 Disk Controller.

The technical contents have been written based on the assumptions that the reader 1) has a working knowledge of one of the applicable Data General mini-computers with associated AOS, or AOS/VS operating system; 2) is familiar with standard installation, power, grounding, and peripheral cabling procedures; and 3) has access to technical information describing the disk drive(s) to be installed with this controller.

The information in this manual is organized into four major sections:

SECTION 1.0

PRODUCT OVERVIEW - Describes the Model SCZ-3 Disk Controller features, capabilities, specifications, power and interface requirements.

SECTION 2.0 INSTALLATION PROCEDURES - Describes and illustrates the procedures required to install the SCZ-3.

SECTION 3.0 TROUBLE-SHOOTING - Contains information useful in analyzing subsystem problems, and how to get help.

SECTION 4.0 USAGE GUIDELINES - Describes how various features and configuration are used and how they impact the performance of the controller.

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Warning

This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions manual, may cause interference to radio communications. It has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A computing device pursuant to Subpart J of Part 15 of FCC Rules, which are designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference when operated in a Operation of this commercial environment. equipment in a residential area is likely to cause interference in which case the user at his own expense will be required to take whatever measures may be required to correct the interference.

Warning

This digital apparatus does not exceed the CLASS A limits for radio noise for digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

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PRODUCT OVERVIEW

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1.1

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SCZ-3 Disk Controller is ZETACO's state-of the-art bridge between Data General's Eclipse and Eclipse/MV minicomputers, and high performance SCSI-Interfaced disk drives. It fully emulates Data General's Argus Disk Subsystem Controller in AOS and AOS/VS environments.

The SCZ-3 allows integration of 5.25 inch magnetic SCSI disk drives into systems where large storage capacity, small footprint, and high reliability are demanded.

The SCZ-3 has been implemented on a single 15" x 15" 10-layer printed circuit board, with a paddleboard to route signals to and from the disk drives. The SCZ-3 is compatible with FCC hardened chassis requirements, and interfaces Data General's high speed bus, the Burst Multiplexor Channel (BMC).

1.2 SPECIFICATIONS

1.2.1 FUNCTIONAL

Drives per Controller:	Up to 7 SCSI targets.
Recording Format:	Media format is drive vendor unique.
Data Transfer Rate:	Up to 4 MB per second (Sync.) Up to 3 MB per second (Async.)
Maximum Capacity:	The theoretical maximum capacity supported by a single SCZ-3 is 17 gigabytes.
Device Code:	Switch selectable.
Interrupt Priority Mask B	it: Bit 7
Bus Load:	1 unit load (any "I/O ONLY" slot).
Data Channel Interface:	Nct supportea.
Burst Multiplexor Channel	Interface:
	Less than 1 STTL load
	64ma drive at 0.7v
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Supports selectability of any of the 8 priority requests

Selectable burst rate: of 1 to 256, 16 bit words/access

Selectable break courr from 1 to 255 sync clock periods

Maximum allowable BMC latency is 30ms (to achieve maximum performance, system overhead including BMC latency should not exceed one disk sector time).

Support BMC transfer rates equal to the fastest available BMC computers.

Data Buffering:

Two 256-word BMC buffers in a ping-pong configuration. 32K buffer for SCSI I/F data.

Memory Address:

Indicator Lights:

RED (Right)Self-Test (HOST)RED (Left)Self-Test (SCSI)GREEN (Right)Controller Busy (HOST)GREEN (Left)SCSI BusyYELLOW (Right)BMC ActiveYELLOW (Left)SCSI Bus Fault

1.2.2 COMPUTER INTERFACE

The SCZ-3 is designed to operate only with the BMC and must be installed in an "I/O ONLY" slot of an MV or Eclipse computer. Table 2.1 lists the Data General computers in which the SCZ-3 will function, along with corresponding "I/O ONLY" slot numbers.

21 bits

1.2.2.1 BMC BUS CABLES

Two 40-conductor flat ribbon cables, with a single socket on one end and multiple sockets (for multiple controllers), are required for BMC operation.

1.2.3 DISK DRIVE INTERFACE

Functional:

 SCSI Interface single-ended or differential; Asynchronous or Synchronous

CHASSIS WITH BULKHEAD

INTERNAL: Included 5C conductor flat ribbon cable with D connector on one end that mounts in the computer EMI/RFI backpanel. The other end plugs into the A paddleboard. See Figure 2.4.

NON-BULKHEAD CHASSIS

EXTERNAL: Contact ZETACO with your cabling requirments.

NOTE: The maximum cumulative length allowable for external cables is 18 feet, for single-ended interface and 80 feet for differential interface.

1.2.4	MECHANICAL	
	Dimensions:	15" × 15" × 1/2"
	Shipping Weight:	10 pounds - includes controller, paddleboard, internal cable, software tape and documentation.
	Paddleboard:	SINGLE-ENDED: Passive backplane paddleboard with one 50-pin cable connector ("A" backplane). DIFFERNTIAL: Active backplane paddleboard with one 50-pin cable connected ("A" backplane).

1.2.5 POWER REQUIREMENTS

+5 (+/- 5%) Volts DC @ 6.5 amps typical

1.2.6 ENVIRONMENTAL

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT:

Temperature: 0 to 55 degrees C Relative Humidity 10% to 90% (non-condensing)

NON-OPERATING ENVIRONMENT:

Temperature: -45 to +115 degrees C Relative Humidity 10% to 90% (non-condensing)

Exceeds all Eclipse/MV temperature and humidity specifications.

1-3

INSTALLATION

2.0

2.1

UNPACKING AND INSPECTION

The following items are shipped standard with each SCZ-3:

ITEM

- A) SCZ-3 Controller with Cover
- B) "A" Paddleboard (single-ended)
- C) Software Support Tape
- (9-track magnetic tape, 1600 bpi)
- D) Technical Manual
- E) 4-position BMC Bus Cables (2)
- F) BMC Bus Terminator
- G) SCSI Internal Cable (28")

In addition, an optional differential paddleboard assembly may be ordered with the Controller.

Contact ZETACO with your external bulkhead-to-drive requirements.

Upon receipt of the Model SCZ-3 from the carrier, inspect the shipping carton immediately for any evidence of damage or mishandling in transit.

If the shipping carton is water stained or damaged, contact the carrier and shipper immediately, specify the nature and extent of the damage and request that the carrier's agent be present when the carton is opened.

ZETACO's warranty does not cover shipping damage. For repair or replacement of any ZETACO product damaged in shipment, call ZETACO, Inc. to obtain return authorization instructions.

2.2 BEFORE YOU BEGIN

This section contains the procedures necessary for proper installation of the SCZ-3 Disk Controller. We recommend that you read through it once in its entirety before you start the actual installation process.

The following subsections, beginning with 2.3, are in order of execution. Subsections 2.3 through 2.8 involve preparation and installation of the hardware components. Subsections 2.9 through 2.12 describe the programs used to complete the installation. These programs are on the Software Support Tape, the 1/2" magnetic tape reel shipped with the SCZ-3.

2.2.1 SYSTEM HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

a) Eclipse or MV Family CPU with minimum 32K words memory.

- b) Magnetic Tape Subsystem
- c) SCZ-3 Controller Board(s)
- d) Disk Drive(s)
- e) Console at Device 10/11
- f) Printer at Device 17, in order to log errors and print a copy of your configuration facts (optional).

You should have complete hardware documentation for your computer and disk drive available for reference during the installation.

2.2.2 THE SOFTWARE SUPPORT TAPE

Each of the programs on the Software Support Tape has been written by ZETACO specifically for the SCZ-3 controller. Use this tape for configuring the controller, Media Formatting, Disk Diagnostic and Reliability, and installation of controller microcode onto the disk. Data General's CORRESPONDING PROGRAMS MAY NOT WORK ON THIS CONTROLLER. Also note that the SCZ-3 does NOT support MV SYSTEMX. -

The Software Support Tape is structured so that the programs on Files 2 through 4 can be loaded and executed directly from the tape. Each is a Stand-Alone program; this means that they do not need, and cannot have, an operating system running when they are executed.

Files 0 and 1 contain the software that enables you to boot from the tape and select the particular program you want loaded into the system. The boot procedure is detailed in Section 2.8.

At several points in the installation procedure you will find sample dialogues for the programs. In these samples, the lines that the computer prints will be entirely in upper case letters. The sample user responses will be on the next line below, indented. The CARRIAGE RETURN/ response will be designated by '<CR>'. Comments and suggestions, which do not appear in an actual session and are provided here for clarification, will be preceded and followed by the characters '**'.

2.3 PREPARE THE COMPUTER CHASSIS

Before installing the SCZ-3, the computer chassis must be prepared. To do so, choose an available I/O slot and establish the correct priority per the following sections.



2-3

2.3.1 SLOT SELECTION

The SCZ-3 must be installed in an "I/O ONLY" slot. Consult Table 2.1 to determine which slots are correct for your particular computer.

CAUTION: THE SCZ-3 MUST BE PLUGGED INTO AN "I/O" ONLY" SLOT OR COMPONENT DAMAGE WILL RESULT. ZETACO'S WARRANTY IS VOID IF A SLOT OTHER THAN "I/O ONLY" IS USED.

TABLE 2.1 "I/O ONLY" Slot Selection

CPU MODEL

MODEL

S/140 S/280 MV/4000 MV/6000 MV/7800 MV/8000 MV/800011 MV/8000C MV/10000

MV/20000

12-16 11-20 12-20 2-16 (I/O Expansion Chassis) (See Note 1, below.) 29-42, 48-56 9-21 13-20 13-24, 26-36 19-38

1/0 ONLY SLOT NUMBERS

NOTE 1: The MV/7800 CPU can be installed in a number of different chassis. The SCZ-3 may ONLY be installed in an "I/O ONLY" slot for that type of chassis.

2.3.2 PRIORITY SELECTION

The Controller must receive two priority signals from the Data General minicomputer backplane: DCH Priority In (Pin A94), and Interrupt Priority In (Pin A96). If there are vacant slots between the SCZ-3 and the processor, or between the SCZ-3 and another controller already installed in the chassis, jumper wires must be installed to obtain priority continuity. To "jumper across" unused slots, connect DCH Priority Out (Pin A93) to DCH Priority In (Pin A94) and Interrupt Priority Out (Pin A95) to Interrupt Priority In (Pin A96). See Figure 2.2.

2.4 PREPARE THE CONTROLLER

To prepare the controller for installation you will need to establish proper BMC bus termination and select the Device Code.

2.4.1 BMC BUS TERMINATION

If there is more than one BMC device daisy-chained on the BMC bus, the the BMC controller at the end of the bus must have the bus terminators installed. If the SCZ-3 is to be installed as the last (or only) BMC controller, then make sure the bus terminator is installed in the middle cable header on the front edge of the SCZ-3. Refer to Figure 2.1.

NOTE: The SCZ-3 is shipped from the factory with the terminator installed unless otherwise specified.

2.4.2 DEVICE CODE SELECTION

The standard Primary device code for the SCZ-3 is 24 octal; the Secondary is 64 octal. However, any Data General device code can be selected, as long as there is not already a controller in the system with that device code.

There is a set of Device Code switches on the edge of the board that allow you to easily set the device code. Switches 3 through 8 specify device code. Switches 1 and 2 are reserved and should be placed in th "DOWN" position. Refer to Figures 2.1 and 2.3 for switch location and proper selection.

If, at a later date, you wish to change the device code for the SCZ-3, you need not remove the board from the computer chassis. Simply set the switches accordingly and press RESET on the computer. The new device code will then be operative.

2.4.3 EEPROM WRITE DISABLE

Switch position 2 (see Figure 2.3) is used to disable writing of the EEPROMs. This switch, when in the DOWN (closed) position, disables writing while the UP (open) position allows writing. To configure the controller, this switch must be in the UP position. It is recommended that the switch be closed at all other times to prevent accidental writing to the EEPROMS.

2.4.4 PADDLEBOARD EXTERNAL TERMINATOR POWER JUMPER

Jumper W1-1 on the paddleboard is used to connect the controller's terminator power source to the SCSI bus. With Jumper W1-1 installed, the controller will supply terminator power and maintain proper bus termination even if other terminator power sources, such as the second initiator in a dual-initiator configuration, are shut off. Zetaco recommends that you leave Jumper W1-1 installed. The paddleboard has an integral isolation diode that eliminates contention between multiple power sources.

INSTALL THE CONTROLLER AND PADDLEBOARD

First, pull out the lock tabs on the two front corners of the board as far as they will go. Next, carefully guide the Controller board into the "I/O ONLY" slot you selected in Section 2.3. When the board engages the backplane connectors, gently press the lock tabs in to provide insertion leverage. Use equal pressure on both lock tabs until the board seats firmly into the backplane connectors.

2.5.1 PADDLEBOARD INSTALLATION

2.5

The computer backplane, viewed from the rear, has the "A" side pins on the left. On computers with vertically mounted controller boards, think of the component side of the boards as up, then the "A" side pins are on the left.

Locate the two rows of pins on the "A" side of the backplane for the slot containing the SCZ-3 Controller. Ensure that no pins are bent. Position the "A" paddleboard block connector over all 100 pins of the "A" backplane with the header connectors facing up. Press the connector securely over the pins, making sure all pins insert and do not bend, until the guide block is flush with the backplane.

CAUTION: COMPONENT DAMAGE MAY OCCUR IF PADDLEBOARD IS MIS-ALIGNED. MAKE SURE THE BLOCK IS NOT SHIFTED RIGHT OR LEFT BY CHECKING FOR NON-INSERTED PINS ON BOTH ENDS. DOUBLECHECK THAT THE BLOCK IS POSITIONED OVER THE CORRECT TWO ROWS OF PINS, AND NOT BETWEEN SLOTS. IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO COUNT PAIRS OF ROWS TO DETERMINE CORRECT POSITIONING.

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NOTE

Switch Down = Binary 1 Switch Up = Binary 0 Switch 3 = Most Significant Bit Device Code = 24 Uctal is Shown Switch 2 = EEPROM Write Disable (DOWN)

DEVICE CODE	S1 RESERVED	S2 RESERVED	S3 DS0	S4 DS1	S5 DS2	S6 DS3	S7 DS4	S8 DS5
OX			UP	UP	UP		an diana ad r	
1X			UP	UP	DOWN			
2X			UP	DOWN	UP			
ЗХ			UP	DOWN	DOWN			
4X			DOWN	UP	UP			
5X			DOWN	UP	DOWN			
6X	and the figure states and the state of the		DOWN	DOWN	UP			
7 X			DOWN	DUWN	DOWN			
XO						UP	UP	UP
X1				· ·		UP	UP	DOWN
X2					Τ	UP	DOWN	UP
Х3						UP	DOWN	DOWN
X4						DOWN	UP	UP
X5						DOWN	UP '	DUWN
X6						DOWN	DOWN	UP
X7						DOWN	DOWN	DOWN

CONNECT ALL CABLES

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Connect bulkhead cabling per the instructions in Section 2.6.1 and 2.6.2. For non-bulkhead CPUs, contact Zetaco.

2.6.1 INTERNAL CABLING FOR FCC-COMPLIANT CHASSIS

The internal cable (P/N 300-148-00) is a flat 50-conductor cable terminated on one end with a socket connector and on the other with a "D" connector. As shown in Figure 2.4, the socket connector end plugs into the "A" paddleboard. The other end of this cable (D connector) mounts on the computer backpanel.

To mount the "D" connectors to the backpanel, first remove the covers from the desired mounting holes, and the hex bolts, washers, and nuts from the connectors. Then, insert the connector into the hole in the backpanel from the inside, insert the hex bolts from the outside, and secure the connector to the backpanel.

2.6.2 EXTERNAL CABLING FOR FCC-COMPLIANT CHASSIS

See Figure 2.5 for external cabling for your subsystem. Contact ZETACO with your external bulkhead-to-disk drive cabling requirements.

2.6.3 NON-BULKHEAD CABLING

The Zetaco paddleboard can be directly connected to drive(s) via a 50-pin ribbon cable. Contact ZETACO with your non-bulkhead paddleboard-to-disk drive requirements.

2.6.4 BMC BUS CABLING

The two BMC bus cables provided have a single 40-pin connector on one end and a group of connectors on the other end (4-connector P/N 300-038-01; 6-connector P/N 300-131-01; or 8-connector P/N 300-132-01).

These cables daisy-chain from the computer's BMC interface to the multiple BMC peripheral controllers. The controller at the end of the chain must have its BMC terminators installed, the others must have them removed. Refer to Section 2.4.1 for BMC terminator installation.

Install the BMC bus cables as shown in Figure 2.4 by plugging the single-plug end of the cables into the Data General BMC board, and the multiple-plug end of the cables into the SCZ-3 and other BMC peripheral controllers.

2.6.5 SUBSYSTEM GROUNDING

Because the AC power system safety ground does not necessarily satisfy all system grounding requirements, additional connections are required to earth ground, referred to as system ground. The Controller and its attached drive(s) must be connected to a singlepoint ground system. Ground connections are made via ground braids (5/8" minimum flat braid) that pass from enclosure to enclosure, enclosure to computer chassis and computer chassis to earth ground. Refer to Figure 2.5.

WARNING: To ensure proper ground return to earth, each component in the system must be connected using a daisy-chain ground system. The AC and DC grounds within each drive may need to be joined (consult your drive manual). The drives must then be joined by a daisy-chain grounding braid and connected to the grounding post at the rear of the computer cabinet.

2.7 TURN THE SYSTEM ON

To find out the basic status of the controller upon power-up, observe the LEDs at the front edge of the board. Their meanings from left to right are as follows: Ľ,

- RED SCSI SLFTST Indicates SCSI microprocessor is executing Self-test.
- GREEN SCSI BUSY Indicates the SCSI microprocessor is busy executing a disk command.
- YELLOW SCSI BUS FAULT Indicates a SCSI bus fault has been detected by the controller.
- RED HOST SLFTST Indicates Host Processor is executing Self-test Diagnostics.
- GREEN HOST BUSY This LED indicates the Host is executing one of the READ/WRITE commands.

YELLOW BMC ACTIVE - Indicates BMC activity level.

Self-test takes 15 seconds to complete. At that point both red LEDs should turn OFF and remain off. If they do not, or if they blink, a Self-test has failed. See Section 3.0 for assistance.

The green LEDs should be OFF, since no READ/WRITE activity will have been initiated immediately after power-up.

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BOOT THE SOFTWARE TAPE

2.8

If you are using an MV class machine, you must load the MV microcode before booting the software support tape.

The bootstrap procedure for the software support tape is as follows:

- 1. Mount the software support tape on the drive and put it "On-Line". Be sure that the BPI setting matches that specified on the tape label.
- 2. Program Load. Boot the tape in your normal fashion.
- 3. The software support package menu will be displayed:

FILE #

PROGRAM

2 SCZ-3 CONFIGURATOR	
3 SCZ-3 INITIALIZER	
4 SCZ-3 RELIABILITY	
5 ".SV & .LS" Files	In
6 RDOS DUMP AOS DUMP Format	
2 COMMAND STRING UTIL	
File Number?	

You should enter the number of the program you wish to execute. At this point of the installation procedure, enter:

2 <cr>

to load the Configurator Program.

2.9 CONFIGURE THE SCZ-3

After the Configurator Program has loaded, the following message will appear on your computer screen:

CFSCZ3-CONFIGURATOR FOR SCZ-3 CONTROLLER PRODUCT CF ZETACO

THE PURPOSE OF THE CONFIGURATOR PROGRAM IS TO ALLOW YOU TO TAILOR THE SCZ-3 CONTROLLER TO YOUR PARTICULAR ENVIRONMENT. THE SCZ-3 CONTROLLER INCLUDES AN ELECTRICALLY ERASABLE PROM (EEPROM) THAT CONTAINS CERTAIN FACTS. THIS PROGRAM LETS YOU LIST THE CURRENT FACTS, MODIFY THOSE THAT YOU WANT CHANGED, AND RECORD THE NEW FACTS ONTO THE EEPROM. THE HELP COMMAND ON THE MAIN MENU PROVIDES INFORMATION BOTH ON WHAT TO DO AND HOW TO DO IT. IF THIS IS THE FIRST TIME YOU HAVE RUN THIS PROGRAM, YOU MIGHT WANT TO START BY SELECTING HELP.

YOU CAN GET AN EXPLANATION OF ANY QUESTION THE PROGRAM ASKS BY RESPONDING TO THAT QUESTION WITH AN "H".

WHAT IS THE PRESENT SETTING OF THE DEVICE CODE (IN OCTAL)?

24

ENTER COMMAND (? TO SEE CHOICES):

**We have responded to the question about the device code of the controller with the primary device code. The program returned with a prompt for a Configurator command. This indicates that the system has successfully communicated with the controller at that device code, and the controller is ready to be configured.

If the system had not returned with any prompt, that would have indicated that the system was unable to contact the controller at that device code. In such cases, turn the computer off and double-check all of the preceding installation steps. If, after doing so, you still have problems, contact ZETACO's Customer Support Hotline. See Section 3.7.**

In addition to configuring disk drive parameters, the Configurator tailors BMC parameters and the Controller SCSI Address to your specific needs. See Section 4.0 for Configurator Usage Guidelines.

Fusiter 2624 = Drive Type U' usable blocks 1006016 = SURFACES 2.10 UNIT NUMBER AND MISCELLANEOUS PREPARATION X SECTORS (ROUND UN)

> Set the drive(s) to the desired unit number(s). This is usually done via jumpers in the drive. For two or more drives, unit numbers assigned are usually consecutive, with unit "O" being the primary unit.

2.11 INITIALIZE THE DISK

The Initializer Program (File #3) consists of five modules:

- 1. ANALYZE DISK
- 2. RELOCATE BLOCKS
- 3. MICROCODE INSTALL ONLY
- 4. FORMAT ONLY
- 5. ZDKINIT ONLY

In the opening menu there are selections to enter and start the devices. You will need to select the [E]nter device selection and then you will be given the menu listing the above choices. We recommend at this point that you run the Analyze module. This will format the disk, analyze the surface and relocate any bad disk blocks, write out the microcode, and write out an empty soft error log for the microcode to use. Run Reliability (see Section 2.12, below) to verify that the media has been formatted and the subsystem is operational.

The following sample dialogue will guide you through this procedure.

To analyze the disk, boot the software support tape and load file #3. The sample dialogue below will guide you through the Analyze module of the Initializer Program.

SCZ3 DISK INITIALIZER REV. X.XX

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COMMAND LIST

[E]NTER A DEVICE [S]TART A DEVICE [R]ESTART THE PROGRAM [C]OMMAND LIST [F]LAGS [Q]UIT [D]ELETE A DEVICE [H]ALT A DEVICE [L]IST ERROR TOTALS [P]RINTER CONTROL [M]ODE OF DISPLAY

ENTER A COMMAND SELECTION (C=CMD LIST):

We wish to enter the device that we want to analyze, so we type E.

E

ENTER THE DEVICE CODE [24]: <cr>

24 is the primary device code. If you have your controller set up for the secondary device code of 64, you would enter that number here.

START INITIALIZATION OF CONTROLLER CONTROLLER MICROCODE REV: X.XX END INITIALIZATION OF CONTROLLER

This is just telling you that the program is loading microcode onto the SCZ-3, and what the revision number is.

UNIT O. IS READY; SELECT (YES, [NO]): YES

The Initializer Program has looked at the SCZ-3 and found that Unit 0 is ready. It then asks you if you want to use Unit 0. If you do then you would type YES. If not, then type <cr> and the Initializer Program would go on to the next ready unit. COMMAND CHOICES

[A]NALYZE DISK (ANALYZE, ZDKINIT, INST UCODE, INIT SOFT LOG) [R]ELOCATE BLOCKS [M]ICROCODE INSTALL ONLY [F]ORMAT ONLY [Z]DKINIT ONLY (ZDKINIT, INSTALL MICRO-CODE, INIT SOFT LOG) ENTER YOUR SELECTION [A]:

Α

At this time we wish to Analyze the disk so we can run the Reliability Program and verify that the subsystem is operational.

FORMAT ([YES] NO): YES

You should select to Format.

RETAIN ANY PREVIOUSLY RELOCATED SECTORS? IF YOU DO NOT RETAIN THE PREVIOUSLY RELOCATED SECTORS, IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT A FULL FIVE PATTERN ANALYSIS BE DONE IN ORDER TO RELOCATE ALL THE BAD SECTORS THAT WERE PREVIOUSLY BEING HANDLED ([YES] NO):

YES

You'll usually want to retain previous lists on formatting.

THE DATA PATTERNS LISTED BELOW ARE USED IN THE ORDER LISTED.

AAAA 2525 5555 1F1F FFFF 0000 F6F6 5252 F1F1 6F6F

ENTER THE NUMBER OF PATTERNS TO RUN [5]: <cr>

Use the default.

UNIT 0. IS SELECTED UNIT 1. IS NOT READY UNIT 2. IS NOT READY UNIT 3. IS NOT READY

**** NOTE **** YOU MUST ENTER [S]TART IN ORDER TO HAVE THE SELECTED OPERATIONS ACTUALLY TAKE PLACE.

SCZ3 DISK INITIALIZER REV. X.XX

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COMMAND LIST

[E]NTER A DEVICE [S]TART A DEVICE [R]ESTART THE PROGRAM [C]OMMAND LIST [F]LAGS [Q]UIT [D]ELETE A DEVICE [H]ALT A DEVICE [L]IST ERROR TOTALS [P]RINTER CONTROL [M]ODE OF DISPLAY

ENTER A COMMAND SELECTION (C=CMD LIST): S

START ALL ENTERED DEVICES ([YES], NO): <cr>

This will start the program analyzing. Now you may enter other commands such as [L]IST.

> SCZ3 DISK INITIALIZER REV. X.XX

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COMMAND LIST

[E]NTER A DEVICE	[D]ELETE A DEVICE
[S]TART A DEVICE	[H]ALT A DEVICE
[R]ESTART THE PROGRAM	[L]IST ERROR TOTALS
[C]OMMAND LIST	[P]RINTER CONTROL
[F]LAGS	[M]ODE OF DISPLAY
[Q]UIT	

ENTER A COMMAND SELECTION (C=CMD LIST):

As the initializing moves along, you may want to see if it is still active. Use of the L command will show you the current state of each of the devices being intialized.

RUN TIME O. HRS. 20. MINS. 3. SECS. DEVICE CODE 24 UNIT NUMBER O. STATE: **ACTIVE** MODES: - FORMAT - ANALYZE - INSTL UCODE - INSTL MAP

This tells us that we are formatting and analyzing.

RUN TIME O. HRS. 40. MINS. 3. SECS. DEVICE CODE 24 UNIT NUMBER O. DEVICE STATE: **ACTIVE** MODES: - FORMAT - ANALYZE - INSTL UCODE - INSTL MAP THIS UNIT IS COMPLETE WITH ITS ASSIGNED TASKS.

When this message is printed, the program has finished with the unit, and you may now enter the [Q]UIT key.

RUN RELIABILITY TO VERIFY THE INSTALLATION

At this point, run Reliability for several minutes, just to verify that the subsystem is operating after the initial format. To do so, boot the software support tape and load file #4.

The Reliability Program consists of two basic modules. The first is the Random RELI. In this module, the disk transfer addresses and size are selected at random. The data type will be selected by the user, but if ALL PATTERNS is selected, the pattern will be selected at random as well. In random RELI sixteen device control blocks will be active and distributed randomly among the devices that are currently active.

SCZ3 RELIABILITY UTILITY

ENABLE MAPPING (YES,[NO]): <cr>

EXECUTION MODE: [R]ANDOM RELIABILITY [S]EQUENTIAL RELIABILITY ENTER YOUR CHOICE [R]: <cr>

This question refers to the order in which the disk will be accessed for all of the devices tested in the Reliability. We will choose the default, "R".

> SCZ3 RELIABILITY UTILITY REV. X.XX

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COMMAND LIST

[E]NTER A DEVICE[D]ELETE A DEVICE[S]TART A DEVICE[H]ALT A DEVICE[R]ESTART THE PROGRAM[L]IST ERROR TOTALS[C]OMMAND LIST[P]RINTER CONTROL[F]LAGS[M]ODE OF DISPLAY[Q]UIT[N]ODE OF DISPLAY

ENTER A COMMAND SELECTION (C=CMD LIST):

ENTER THE DEVICE CODE [24]: <cr>

24 is the primary device code. If you have your controller set up for the secondary device code of 64, you would enter that number here. START INITIALIZATION OF CONTROLLER CONTROLLER MICROCODE REV: X.XX END INITIALIAZATION OF CONTROLLER

This is just telling you that the Reliability Program is loading the microcode onto the SCZ-3 from the disk. The revision number is also displayed.

UNIT O. IS READY; SELECT (YES,[NO]): <cr>

The Reliability Program has looked at the SCZ-3 and found that UNIT 0 is ready. It then asks you if you want to use UNIT 0. If you do then you would type "YES". If you do not, then type <cr> and the Program will go on to the next ready unit.

THE DISK SIZE IS XXX. MB

write only (yes,[n0]): <cr> read only (yes,[n0]): <cr> Verify data ([yes], n0): <cr> Select data type:

0 - LOGICAL BLOCK ADDRESS
2 - FLOATING ONE
4 - ALTERNATE ONES (125252)
6 - ALL ONES
8 - ROTATING (125252)
SELECT DATA TYPE [0.]:
<cr>
UNIT 0. IS SELECTED

UNIT 1. IS NOT READY UNIT 2. IS NOT READY UNIT 3. IS NOT READY 1 - FLOATING ZERO

3 - ALTERNATE ZEROS (52525)

5 - ALL ZEROS

- 7 RANDOM
- 9 DO ALL PATTERNS

SCZ3 RELIABILITY UTILITY REV. X.XX

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COMMAND LIST

[E]NTER A DEVICE	[D]ELETE A DEVICE
[S]TART A DEVICE	[H]ALT A DEVICE
[R]ESTART THE PROGRAM	[L]IST ERROR TOTALS
[C]OMMAND LIST	[P]RINTER CONTROL
[F]LAGS	[M]ODE OF DISPLAY
[φ]υιτ	

ENTER A COMMAND CHOICE (C=CMD LIST): S STAR: ALL ENTERED DEVICES ([YES],NO): **At this point you are finished Entering your device and have commanded the program to start running. The green LEDs on the front of the Controller should now be ON (they are actually flashing very rapidly), signifying that the controller is active. You may at any time initiate another command from the list simply by typing its letter.**

L

RUN TIME 0. HRS. 20. MIN. 3. SECS. DEVICE CODE 24 UNIT NUMBER 0. MAPPING NOT ENABLED DEVICE STATE: MODES: RANDOM, R/W, DATA CHECK-ADDRESS # SECTORS WRITTEN 451. # OF SECTORS READ 451. TOTAL ERRORS : 0.

ENTER A COMMAND SELECTION (C=CMD LIST):

We selected List to get a printout of the system's activity. In this case, there are no errors logged. If you select List again, you should see that the number of sectors written and read has increased; this confirms that the subsystem is operational. Data compare errors will require further trouble-shooting. For trouble-shooting help, see Section 3.0. We recommend that you run this for at least five minutes.

2.13 AUTOMATIC SOFT ERROR LOGGING

The SCZ-3 will log certain soft errors, and can log up to 80 erroring blocks per unit.

These logged blocks can, at a convenient time for the user, be relocated on the disk drive. To do this, the user must run the SCZ-3 Initializer and choose the "R" option for Relocating Blocks. The Initializer will then READ the blocks that were logged and relocate them on the disk drive.

2.14 "GEN" IN THE NEW DEVICE

Before going on-line, you must introduce the new device into your operating system configuration. To do this, start up your operating system and run the AOSGEN program (or VSGEN for AOS/VS). Specify the device name as "DPJx", where x is the number of the device (controller).

Example configuration of devices under VSGEN:

Device Device	name: code:	D P J 2 4	(primary	SC	Z-3 C	ontroller)
Device Device	name: code:	D P J 1 6 4	(seconda:	ry	SCZ-3	Controller)

.

After you've built and updated your new system, the disk units can be INIT'd into the system by specifying the device name followed by the unit number.

Example:

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)INIT DPJO	INIT's disk unit 0 on the DPJ controller (dev 24 in our example) into the system.
)INIT DPJ15	INIT's disk unit 5 on the DPJ1 controller (dev 64 in our example) into the system.

The SCZ-3 Controller supports up to 7 SCSI units.

If you need assistance running the GEN programs, consult the Data General system management documentation.

2.15 RUN DFMTR ON THE SUBSYSTEM

When you run DFMTR, the program will ask you whether you want to do a Surface Analysis. You must answer NO to this question.

2.16 STORE THE SOFTWARE SUPPORT PROGRAMS ON YOUR SYSTEM DISK

The Software Support tape contains a file that, in turn, contains the Configurator, Initializer and Reliability programs in .SV file format. This is the standard system DUMP format for AOS and AOS/VS. Once your basic system has been built, you can load this file onto your disk for quick access.

To load files from File 5, use the standard CLI command for loading from tape.

AOS: SUPERUSER ON DIR : LOAD/R/V @MTAO:5 REW @MTAO SUPERUSER OFF

AOS/VS: SUPERUSER ON DIR : LOAD/R/V @MTCO:5 REW @MTCO SUPERUSER OFF



NOTE: ALTHOUGH YOU NOW HAVE YOUR UTILITY PROGRAMS SAVED ON DISK, IT IS IMPORTANT TO RETAIN THE SOFTWARE SUPPORT TAPE. THIS CONTAINS YOUR ONLY COPY OF THE CONTROLLER MICROCODE.

2.17 AOS, AOS/VS ON-LINE UTILITIES

After following the procedure in Section 2.16, two directories will be loaded onto your disk. These are called AOS and AOS/VS. Delete the one that does not pertain to your system. DIR into the one you have kept. Inside you will find the PR files. SCZORI.PR is an install program for the SCZOR.PR Program.

This program will allow examination of the soft error log from your disks. In order to use them, you must first run the installation program. This program will create a file called SCZORL.TX, which will contain all of the legal disk names for use in the display program (SCZOR.PR). Type X SCZORI.

Enter all the DPJ device names that are SCZ-3 devices.

NOTE: THEY MUST CONTAIN MICROCODE FROM 400-460-00 A OR LATER.

Enter a <cr> when you are finished. Now type X SCZOR. Enter the DPJ name that you want to examine. The program will only allow the names that were entered in with the install program (SCZORI.PR).

This program can be run at any time on any SCZ-3 disk that is running microcode REV. 3.00 or later.

NOTE: IT IS IMPORTANT NOT TO ENTER ANY DATA GENERAL ARGUS DEVICE IN THE INSTALL PROGRAM. RUNNING THE DISPLAY PROGRAM CAN CRASH THE SYSTEM IF RUN ON AN ARGUS DEVICE.

2-22

TROUBLE-SHOOTING

3.0

3.1

U (B

The SCZ-3 is supported by ZETACO in the following ways:

- Microcprocessor-based Self-test of over 90% of the board each time it is powered up, with an LED status report.
- Reliability Program on 9-track tape for use during installation and trouble-shooting.
- Customer Support Hotline, manned from 8:00 a.m. to
 5:00 p.m. (Central Time) to answer your questions. (1-800-537-5292 or 612-941-5825.)
- 48-hour turnaround on most factory repairs or replacements.
- Up to a two year warranty on workmanship and materials.

SEL F-TEST

SELF-TEST checks out 90% of all the internal functions of the Controller once every time power is applied. SELF-TEST is actually composed of 2 independent modules, each of which is associated with an LED on the front of the board. The LEDs are grouped (three on the left, three on the right) according to which "side" of the board they are reporting on. See Figure 2.1.

SCS I	Module	Red	LED	(Left)
HOS T	Module	Red	LED	(Right)

The entire test takes approximately 15 seconds to execute. Once SELF-TEST has passed, all LEDs will go out.

If a failure is detected in either the SCSI or HOST module, one or both red LEDs will flash a repeating numerical series; the number of flashes in the series corresponds to the specific subtest that failed. Tables 3.1 and 3.2 identify the subtests for the SCSI and HOST modules.

-- Both red LEDs remain steadily lit.

- TURN OFF THE COMPUTER, remove the Controller, and re-install it. Be sure it is firmly seated in the backplane connectors.
- 2. TURN OFF THE COMPUTER, remove the Controller, and install it in a different slot. To do so, you will need to rearrange your priority jumpers. See Section 2.3.
- 3. Call the ZETACO Hotline, or your maintenance organization.

-- Either or both red LEDs flash an error code.

- 1. TURN OFF THE COMPUTER, clean the gold fingers on the
- edge connector, and re-install the controller. 2. Record the error code and call the ZETACO Hotline, or your maintenance organization.

ERRORS DURING SYSTEM OPERATION 3.1.1

When an error is displayed during system operation, write down the message that appears on the screen. If either red LED is flashing an error code, make note of it and consult Appendix E for a description of the error code. Then call the ZETACO Customer Support Hotline or contact your maintenance organization.

TABLE 3.1 HOST Module Error Codes

CODE	TEST
1	RAM TEST
2	HI-SPEED BUFFER 1
3	HI-SPEED BUFFER 2
4	DONE
5	BURST COUNTER
6	BREAK COUNTER
7	BMC CB TEST
8	SECTOR TRANSFER SIMULATION
9	EEPROM CHECKSUM
10	DUAL PORT RAM
· 11 .	RESERVED
12	RESERVED
13	RESERVED
14	ERROR CONDITION

3.2	SCSI Module	Error	Co de s
	CODE		TEST
	1		RESERVED
	2		DYNAMIC RAM TEST
	3		BMC DATA BUFFER
	4		DUAL PORT RAM
	5		5380 SCSI IC
	6		DYNAMIC RAM PARITY
	7		NOT USED
	8		NOT USED

TABLE 3.3 Operational Error Codes

TABLE

3.2

CODE	ERROR
9	BMC DATA BUFFER PARITY ERROR
10	DYNAMIC RAM PARITY
11	ILLEGAL INTERRUPT FROM HOST SIDE

SOFTWARE SUPPORT PACKAGE

In addition to the diagnostic functions provided by the SCZ-3 Controller via on-board Self-test, ZETACO provides Reliability and Utility software. The Software Support Package on a magnetic tape included with the controller contains these programs.

Each of the programs on the Software Support Tape has been written by ZETACO specifically for the SCZ-3 Controller. You should use this tape for loading controller Microcode, Media Formatting, Disk Diagnostic and Reliability, and Configuration of the Controller. Data General's CORRESPONDING PROGRAMS MAY NOT WORK ON THIS CONTROLLER. Also note that the SCZ-3 does not support MVSYSTEMX.

The Software Support Package tape is structured so that the programs on Files 2 through 4 can be loaded and executed directly from the tape. Each is a Stand/Alone Program; this means that they do not need, and cannot have, an operating system running when they are executed. Files 0 and 1 contain the software that enables you to boot from the tape and select the particular program you want loaded into the system. The boot procedure is detailed in Section 2.8.

At several points during the installation procedure, you will find sample dialogue for the programs. In these samples, the lines that the computer prints will be entirely in upper case letters. The sample user responses will be on the next line below, indented. The CARRIAGE RETURN response will be designated by "<cr>". Comments and suggestions that do not appear in an actual session, and are here provided for clarification, will be preceeded and followed by the characters "**".

If you are using an MV class machine, you must load the MV's microcode before booting the software support tape.

The Bootstrap Procedure for the software support tape is:

- 1. Mount the Software Support tape on the drive and put in on-line. Be sure that the BPI setting matches that specified on the tape label.
- 2. Boot the tape in your normal fashion.
- 3. The Software Support Package menu will be displayed:

FILE #	PROGRAM
2	SCZ-3 CONFIGURATOR
3	SCZ-3 FORMATTER
4	SCZ-3 RELIABILITY
5	".SV & .LS" Files in AOS DUMP
	Format

File Number?

Enter the file number of the program you wish to execute.

3.3 SYSTEM ERRORS

If a system error occurs, refer to the Data General User's Manual provided with the system to help determine what is wrong. For example, if a panic code is given, look up the code by referring to the Data General User's Manual. This information should help determine how to solve the problem. Next, try to execute a similar function and see if the same results are obtained. If a BURST or a COPY is not working, try a DUMP. This could add vital information about the problem.

3.3.1 TEST PROGRAMS TO USE IF THE SYSTEM IS BUILT BUT PROBLEMS HAVE ARISEN

This section explains a test that can be done on a disk that has a system or system data on it without destroying that system or data. This provides an avenue for conditions requiring diagnostic testing, but where time does not permit for rebuilding the system.

This test requires that the Reliability program on the Software Support Package tape be loaded into system memory.

Go through the enter procedure as you would normally, except when it asks you "READ ONLY (YES,[NO]):" answer YES. Then when it asks you "VERIFY DATA ([YES],NO):" answer NO. Now start RELI with the S Command.

This will test the controller's ability to seek, read data from the disk and transfer data on the BMC without destroying the data on the disk.

RELIABILITY - ERROR DESCRIPTION

3.4

If Self-test was successful but there are still problems with the subsystem, run the Reliability program. Reliability will display PIO errors, CB errors and Data Compare errors.

PIO errors will be of the format:

Timeout type errors RUN TIME O. HRS. 20. MINS. 3. SECS. STATE: **ACTIVE** DEVICE CODE: 24 UNIT NUMBER: Ο. RANDOM, R/W, DATA CHECK - ADDR MODES: REG B REG C REG A OPERATION 0 3400 201 0 STATU S 0 Ω TIMEOUT WAITING FOR INTERRUPT.

Timeout errors are generally fatal and will likely cause other unrelated errors to occur.

PIO status type errors RUN TIME O. HRS. 20. MINS. 3. SECS. STATE: **ACTIVE** DEVICE CODE 24 UNIT NUMBER 0. RANDOM, R/W, DATA CHECK - ADDR MODES: REG A REG B REG C 201 0 3400 OPERATION 3400 144201 STATU S 0

3-5

CB errors will have the following format:

RUN TIME O. HRS. 20. MINS. 3. SECS. DEVICE CODE 24 UNIT NUMBER 0. MAPPING NOT ENABLED STATE: **ACTIVE** RANDOM. R/W. DATA CHECK - ADDR MODES: LOGICAL BLOCK 124532 SECTOR COUNT 4 MEMORY ADDRESS 64321 COMMAND WRITE RETURNED XFER COUNT 0 PAGE TABLE ADDRESS 0 PHYSICAL BLOCK: 125452 = CYLINDER: 123 HEAD: 3 SECTOR: 34 : 3 ASYNC STATUS CB EXECUTION ERROR : HARD ERRORS CB STATUS : 100001 ANY CB HARD EXECUTION ERROR CB DONE BIT CB ERROR : 1 HEADER NONCOMPARE CB UNIT STATUS : 24000 READY PORT RESERVED BIT 1 DISK ERROR 5000 :

The physical block shown above can be entered into the initializer as a bad block address. The logical block is the starting logical block address. If the returned transfer count is added to the logical block, you will have the logical block in error, but this block is not the ACTUAL block on the disk due to controller features. The physical block is in fact the actual block in error on the disk

Data Compare errors will have the following format:

***** DATA COMPARE ERROR *****

DEVICE CODE 24 UNIT NUMBER 0. MAPPING NOT ENABLED STATE: **ACTIVE** RANDOM, R/W, DATA CHECK - ADDR MODES: LOGICAL BLOCK : 12345 SECTOR COUNT 3 : PAGE TABLE ADDRESS : 0 LOGICAL XFER ADDRESS: 56271 PHYSICAL XFER ADDRESS: 56 27 1 OFFSET EXPECTED RECEIVED 165346 165347 1 3 165346 165347 5 16 53 47 165346 TO TAL ERROR COUNT: 384.

For further description of the error status, refer to Data General Programmer's Reference Series: Models 6236/6237 and 6239/6240 Disk Subsystems.

INITIALIZER - ERROR DESCRIPTION

Following are examples of Initializer errors. PIO errors will have the following format: (Same as the Reliability in Section 3.4) CB errors will have the following format: RUN TIME 0. HRS. 20. MINS. 3. SECS. DEVICE CODE 24 UNIT NUMBER 0. MAPPING NOT ENABLED STATE: **ACTIVE** MODES: - ANALYZE - INSTL UCODE - INSTL MAP - ZDKINIT 124532 PHYSICAL BLOCK SECTOR COUNT 1240 64321 WRITE ONE/WORD COMMAND MEMORY ADDRESS RETURNED XFER COUNT 22 PAGE TABLE ADDRESS 0 PHYSICAL BLOCK: 124554 = CYLINDER: 123 HEAD: 3 SECTOR: 34 ACTIVE DATA AAAA ASYNC STATUS : 3 CB EXECUTION ERROR : HARD ERROR CB STATUS : 100001 ANY CB HARD EXECUTION ERROR CB DONE BIT CB ERROR : 1 HEADER NONCOMPARE CB UNIT STATUS : 24000 READY PORT RESERVED BIT 1 DISK ERROR : 17000

The physical block shown at the top is the starting physical block and the erroring physical block is shown below with the cylinder, head, and sector.

For further description of the error status refer to Data General Programmer's Reference Series: Models 6236/6237 and 6239/6240 Disk Subsystems.

CUSTOMER SUPPORT HOTLINE

ZETACO, Inc. provides a Customer Support Hotline (612-941-5825 or 1-800-537-5292) to answer technical questions and to assist with installation and trouble-shooting problems. The Hotline is manned by a technical team from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (Central Time) Monday through Friday.

Please review the General Installation Checklist before calling the Hotline.

3.5

3.6

WARRANTY INFORMATION

3.7

All ZETACO products are warranted free from manufacturing and material defects, when used in a normal and proper manner, for a period of up to two years from date of shipment. Except for the express warranties stated above, ZETACO disclaims all warranties including all implied warranties of merchantability and fitness. The stated express warranties are in lieu of all obligations of liabilities on the part of ZETACO for damages, including but not limited to, special, indirect or consequential arising out of or in connection with the use or performance of ZETACO's products.

3.8 PRODUCT RETURN AUTHORIZATION

All possible effort to test a suspected malfunctioning Controller should be made before returning the controller to ZETACO for repair. However, if controller or module malfunction has been confirmed using the tests outlined in Sections 3.1 to 3.5, the Controller can be returned to ZETACO for warranty repair or for repair service if it is out of warranty. A Return Material Authorization (RMA) number is required before shipment and should be referenced on all packaging and correspondence.

To ensure prompt response, the information outlined in the Material Return Information form on the following page should be gathered before calling the ZETACO Hotline for the RMA number. Please include a completed copy of the Material Return Information form with the product. Each product to be returned requires a separate RMA number and Material Return Information form.

To safeguard the product during shipment, please use our original packaging or packaging that is adequate to protect it from damage. Mark the box "Delicate Instrument" and indicate the RMA number(s) on the shipping label.

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CONTROLLER USAGE GUIDELINES

.1 CONTROLLER FEATURES PROGRAMMED BY THE CONFIGURATOR

4.1.1 CONFIGURATOR AID (HELP)

. 0

The SCZ-3 Configurator Program includes two "HELP" commands: one for OPERATIONAL questions and one that suggests WHAT you might want to do. You can get an explanation for any item by responding with an "H" to the question. Please use these functions whenever you are uncertain as to what to do.

4.1.2 THROTTLE BURST RATE

This is defined as the number of word transfers that take place over the BMC during a single bus access by the disk controller. Throttle adjustment is dependent upon the type of system configuration in which the controller is installed. Too low a throttle setting could result in slow disk performance and too high a setting could cause a data late on another BMC device. The controller may be set to burst rates of 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128 and 256 words per access. A burst rate of 32 is recommended for most applications.

To maximize overall performance, the Burst Rate should be set to the largest value that doesn't cause interference on other controllers, such as "data lates".

4.1.3 DISK DRIVES SUPPORTED

The SCZ-3 is designed to support drives that meet the SCSI Interface Specification and utilize the SCSI Common Command Set. ZETACO has verified several drives with the SCZ-3 and will continue to test additional drives for verification of compatibility with the SCZ-3. If you don't find the drive you want to interface in the Configurator Program, call us to discuss your requirements.

The SCZ-3 may be configured to assign drives of varying capacities and transfer rates to any of the 8 logical units. Any combination of up to 7 physical drives may be configured to any one of the 8 logical units.

4.1.4 BMC BUS PRIORITY

The SCZ-3 has the capability of functioning with up to seven other BMC peripheral controllers. However, some Data General computers, such as the MV/4000 and S/280, only support up to four BMC devices. In this case you must select priorities 0 through 3, 3 being * the highest priority. The lower the priority number the lower the priority level. If there is more than one BMC device, make sure you select a priority level that is different than the other BMC devices.

4.1.5 BREAK_COUNT_INTERVAL

The Break Count Interval is defined as the period of time that the SCZ-3 is off the BMC bus. This period is a multiple of the BMC Sync Clock period, which in turn varies from computer to computer. A Break Count interval setting of 1 is equal to one Sync Clock period. The maximum setting is 255. A setting of 4 is recommended.

If there are other BMC devices present, it may be desirable to increase this count to allow more time for the other devices to access the bus. If the Break Count is set too large, slow disk performance may result. A larger Break Count also allows the CPU more memory time.

4.1.6 CONTROLLER SCSI ID

The SCSI Bus supports up to 8 devices (targets or initiators) and each must have a unique SCSI ID code. The possible values are 0-7, device 0 having the lowest priority on the bus and device 7 the highest. It is desirable for the controller to have higher priority than the drives, and it is recommended that the controller be set to ID 7. If 2 controllers are to be on the same bus, make sure they are configured for different ID codes.